

Name of the Bundle	Proficient Bundle V1	Subject	Competitive Exams Training (General Knowledge)
Торіс	Election and Judiciary in India	Last updated on	14 August 2024

1) Who accords recognition to various political parties in India as National or Regional Parties?

- a) The Parliament
- b) The President
- c) The Election Commission
- d) The Supreme Court

# Ans: c) The Election Commission

2) Electoral roll is commonly known as

- a) Election list
- b) Serial list
- c) Voter's list
- d) None of the above

# Ans: c) Voter's list

3) Which of the following is not under the powers and functions of the Election Commission of India?

- a) Superintendent, direction and control of the preparation of electoral rolls
- b) Conduct of elections to the Parliament and to the Legislature of each State
- c) Appointment of the Regional Commissioners to assist the Election Commission in the performance of the functions conferred on the Commission.
- d) Chief Election Commissioner appointed by the President of India.

# Ans: c) Appointment of the Regional Commissioners to assist the Election Commission in the performance of the functions conferred on the Commission.

4) In India, the Chief Election Commissioner is appointed by the \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Chief Justice of India
- b) President of India
- c) Prime Minister of India
- d) Parliament of India

# Ans: b) President of India

5) \_\_\_\_\_ was the first woman Chief Election Commissioner of India.

- a) Pratibha Devi Patil
- b) Meira Kumar
- c) Rama Devi
- d) Nirmala Sitaraman

# Ans: c) Rama Devi

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6) Chief Election Commissioner of India can be removed from office by \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Both houses of Parliament
- b) Union council of Ministers
- c) President of India
- d) Both 1 and 3 Combined

# Ans: d) Both 1 and 3 Combined

7) Who among the following was the first Chief Election Commissioner of India?

- a) K.V.K Sundaram
- b) Sukumar Sen
- c) M. Ptanjali Sastri
- d) S.P Sen Verma

# Ans: b) Sukumar Sen

8) What is the tenure of Chief Election Commissioner of India?

- a) 4 years or up to the age of 65 years, Whichever is earlier.
- b) 2 years or up to the age of 65 years, Whichever is earlier.
- c) 5 years or up to the age of 65 years, Whichever is earlier.
- d) 6 years or up to the age of 65 years, Whichever is earlier.

# Ans: d) 6 years or up to the age of 65 years, Whichever is earlier.

9) What is Not one of the main duties of the Election Commission of India?

- a) Control and conduct elections
- b) Supervise elections
- c) Direct elections
- d) Conduct local elections

# Ans: d) Conduct local elections

10) Which of the following Article of Constitution of India grants the Election commission of India the authority to hold free and fair elections throughout the nation?

- a) Article 356
- b) Article 324
- c) Article 352
- d) Article 101

# Ans: b) Article 324

11) When, for the first time, did the Election Commission of India become a multi-member body? IT Support and Development Training Programme



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- a) 1995
- b) 1985
- c) 1989
- d) 1994

## Ans: c) 1989

12) Members of the Election Commission are appointed by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) President of India
- b) Prime Minister of India
- c) Elected by the people
- d) Chief Justice of India

# Ans: a) President of India

13) Which article of the Indian constitution says that there will be an election commission in India?

- a) Article 124
- b) Article 342
- c) Article 324
- d) Article 115

# Ans: c) Article 324

14) Which Articles in the Constitution give provisions for the electoral system in our country?

- a) Articles 124-128
- b) Articles 324-329
- c) Articles 256-259
- d) Articles 274-279

# Ans: b) Articles 324-329

15) Which of the following is NOT a function of political parties?

- a) Political parties nominate candidates for elections
- b) Political parties conduct elections to legislature
- c) Political parties present manifestos to affirm their agendas and goals
- d) None of the above

# Ans: b) Political parties conduct elections to legislature

16) Which among the following States has the largest number of Lok Sabha seats?

# a) Uttar Pradesh

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- b) West Bengal
- c) Gujarat
- d) Assam

# Ans: b) West Bengal

17) EVM or Electronic Voting Machine was used for the first time in which state?

- a) Bihar
- b) Kerala
- c) Gujarat
- d) Uttar Pradesh

# Ans: b) Kerala

18) In the context of Elections in India, the term VVPAT stands for:

- a) Voter Visit Poll Account Trail
- b) Voter Vivid Press Audit Trail
- c) Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail
- d) Voter Verifiable Paper Account Trail

# Ans: c) Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail

19) When was the first general election held in India?

- a) 1953-1954
- b) 1951-1952
- c) 1949-1950
- d) 1948-1949

# Ans: b) 1951- 1952

20) Which part of the Constitution makes provisions with regard to the electoral system in India?

- a) XI
- b) XIV
- c) XV
- d) XX

Ans: c) XV

21) What is the full form of NOTA?



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- a) None of those all
- b) Note of these above
- c) None of the above
- d) Not of the above

## Ans: c) None of the above

22) Which party system is followed in India?

- a) One party
- b) Bi- Partisan
- c) Multi- party
- d) None of the above

## Ans: c) Multi-party

23) Which one of the following countries has a "dual party system" ?

- a) Bangladesh
- b) U.S.A
- c) China
- d) Russia

# Ans: b) U.S.A

24) A political party in India can be recognised as National Party if it has state party status in at least \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Three states
- b) Four states
- c) Five states
- d) Seven states

#### Ans: b) Four states

25) A political party is recognized as a regional party, if it gets \_\_\_\_\_ votes in the State either in Lok Sabha or the Assembly election.

- a) 4%
- b) 8%
- c) 10%
- d) 6%

# Ans: b) 8%

26) What was the date when the Anti defection Bill was passed?



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- a) 17 February, 1985
- b) 15 February, 1985
- c) 30 March, 1985
- d) 21 April, 1985

# Ans: b) 15 February, 1985

27) The political parties got the constitutional recognition for the first time in the year?

- a) 1975
- b) 1977
- c) 1985
- d) 1995

## Ans: c) 1985

28) Which Constitutional Amendment introduced the anti- defection law in India?

- a) 52nd Amendment
- b) 73rd Amendment
- c) 91st Amendment
- d) 42nd Amendment

#### Ans: a) 52nd Amendment

29) The use of EVM machines started from \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1919
- b) 1990
- c) 1890
- d) 1980

# Ans: b) 1990

30) National Voters Day is celebrated on \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 25th January
- b) 15 January
- c) 25 December
- d) 25 April

Ans: a) 25th January

31) The electoral system in India has been adapted from the system followed in the \_\_\_\_\_.



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- a) United Kingdom
- b) USSR
- c) France
- d) America

# Ans: a) United Kingdom

32) Which one of the following countries has a "Single party system" ?

- 1) China
- 2) Cuba
- 3) USSR
- 4) India

# Select the correct option:

- a) Only 4
- b) Both 1 and 2
- c) Only 3
- d) 1,2 and 3

# Ans: d) 1, 2 and 3

33) The Federal court of India was established in Delhi by the Act of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1908
- b) 1919
- c) 1905
- d) 1935

# Ans: d) 1935

34) Consider the following statement regarding High Court judges:

- 1. He/She is appointed by the President
- 2. He/She is administered Oath of office by the Governor of the State.
- 3. He/She tenders his/her resignation to the Chief Justice of India.

# Select the correct option:

- a) Only 1 and 2 are correct
- b) Only 2 and 3 are correct
- c) Only 1 and 3 are correct
- d) 1, 2 and 3 are correct

# Ans: Only 1 and 2 are correct

35) Who was the first Chief Justice of India?



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- a) Mehr Chand Mahajan
- b) A.K. Sarkar
- c) Harilal J. Kania
- d) S.R. Das

## Ans: c) Harilal J. Kania

36) Under which article can the Supreme Court issue a writ?

- a) Article 131
- b) Article 32
- c) Article 143
- d) Article 226

# Ans: b) Article 32

37) Which among the following is the oldest high court in India?

- a) Bombay High court
- b) Madras High court
- c) Calcutta High court
- d) Andhra Pradesh High court

#### Ans: c) Calcutta High court

38) The Supreme Court of India was inaugurated on \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) January 26, 1950
- b) January 28, 1950
- c) January 29, 1950
- d) January 30, 1950

# Ans: b) January 28, 1950

39) Who appoints the Chief Justice of India?

- a) Prime Minister
- b) The President
- c) Judges of Supreme Court
- d) The Parliament

#### Ans: b) The President

# 40) A Judge of the Supreme Court may resign his office by writing to:



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- a) The President
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Law Minister
- d) The Attorney General of India

# Ans: a) The President

41) The Judges of the Supreme Court can be removed by the \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) The President
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Law Minister
- d) The Parliament

# Ans: d) The Parliament

42) Who among the following administers the oath of office to a judge of a high court?

- a) The Governor of the State
- b) The President
- c) The Chief Justice of India
- d) The Chief Minister

# Ans: a) The Governor of the State

43) The system of Judicial review originated in

- a) India
- b) Germany
- c) Russia
- d) U.S. A

# Ans: d) U.S.A

44) The power of judicial review relates to which of the following actions?

- a) Advise President on constitutional matters
- b) Declare laws of Parliament unconstitutional that are against Constitution
- c) Review the organisation of judiciary
- d) Prepare laws to preserve the rule of law

# Ans: b) Declare laws of Parliament unconstitutional that are against Constitution

# 45) Which of the following is the supreme law of India?



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- a) Indian Penal Code
- b) Constitution of India
- c) Code of Criminal Procedure
- d) Indian Evidence Act

# Ans: b) Constitution of India

46) The highest court of appeal in India is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) The High court
- b) The District court
- c) The Supreme court
- d) The Session court

## Ans: c) The Supreme court

47) The power to issue writs for the enforcement of fundamental rights is vested in which court?

- a) District Court
- b) High Court
- c) Supreme Court
- d) Session Court

#### Ans: c) Supreme Court

48) The term of office of a judge of the Supreme Court is until they reach the age of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 60 years
- b) 62 years
- c) 65 years
- d) 58 years

#### Ans: c) 65 years

49) Who is responsible for the appointment and transfer of judges in the high courts?

- a) The President
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Chief Justice of India
- d) The Governor of the State

# Ans: a) The President

50) The first woman Chief Justice of a High Court in India was:

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- a) Justice Ruma Pal
- b) Justice Leila Seth
- c) Justice Gyan Sudha Misra
- d) Justice M. Fathima Beevi

# Ans: d) Justice M. Fathima Beevi

51) The term 'Public Interest Litigation (PIL)' was coined by which country?

- a) India
- b) United States
- c) United Kingdom
- d) Australia

# Ans: a) India

52) Who has the power to appoint judges of the District Courts in India?

- a) The President
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Chief Justice of India
- d) The Governor of the State

# Ans: d) The Governor of the State

53) The Constitution of India provides for the establishment of a separate High Court for which Union Territory?

- a) Delhi
- b) Pondicherry
- c) Chandigarh
- d) Andaman and Nicobar Islands

# Ans: a) Delhi

54) The Chief Justice of a High Court is appointed by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) The President
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Chief Justice of India
- d) The Governor of the State

# Ans: a) The President

55) The Supreme Court of India has the power to issue writs for the enforcement of fundamental rights under which article of the constitution?



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- a) Article 31
- b) Article 14
- c) Article 32
- d) Article 28

# Ans: c) Article 32

56) The term 'Lok Adalat' refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) A court for tribal disputes
- b) A people's court for social matters
- c) A special court for financial disputes
- d) A court for environmental disputes

# Ans: b) A people's court for social matters

57) Which of the following High Court has jurisdiction over more than one State/ Union Territories?

- a) Mumbai
- b) Guwahati
- c) Kolkata
- d) Chandigarh

#### Ans: b) Guwahati

58) The oath to a High Court Judge is administered by the \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Chief Justice of India
- b) Chief Justice of High Court
- c) President
- d) Governor of the State

#### Ans: d) Governor of the State

59) Which two states have a common High court?

- a) Haryana and Punjab
- b) Kerala and Tamilnadu
- c) Gujarat and Maharashtra
- d) Himachal Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh

#### Ans: a) Haryana and Punjab

60) The President of India appoints judges of the Supreme Court based on the recommendation of:

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- a) The Chief Justice of India and a collegium of senior judges
- b) The Prime Minister
- c) The Attorney General of India
- d) The Law Minister

# Ans: a) The Chief Justice of India and a collegium of senior judges

- 61) The writ of "Habeas Corpus" is a legal order that ensures:
  - a) Protection of an individual's personal liberty and freedom
  - b) A fair trial in criminal cases
  - c) An individual's right to property
  - d) Right to education

# Ans: a) Protection of an individual's personal liberty and freedom

62) The judiciary in India is independent and is subject only to the:

- a) Constitution of India
- b) Prime Minister
- c) President of India
- d) Parliament

# Ans: a) Constitution of India

63) Under which of the following articles of the Indian Constitution was the Supreme Court Rules, 1966 framed?

- a) Article 145
- b) Article 124
- c) Article 141
- d) Article 142

# Ans: a) Article 145

64) The High Court of India has the power to issue writs under which article of the constitution?

- a) Article 32
- b) Article 226
- c) Article 326
- d) Article 127

# Ans: b) Article 226

65) The Supreme Court consists of a Chief Justice and \_\_\_\_\_.

# a) 7 Judges



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- b) 9 Judges
- c) 33 Judges
- d) 34 Judges

## Ans: c) 33 Judges

66) Salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court are determined by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Pay commission appointed by the President
- b) Law Commission
- c) Parliament
- d) Council of Ministers

## Ans: c) Parliament

67) How many types of writs can be issued by the Supreme Court?

- a) Three
- b) Four
- c) Five
- d) Six

#### Ans: c) Five

68) The Judges of the High Court hold office \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) During the pleasure of the Chief Justice of India
- b) Till they have attained 62 years of age
- c) Till they have attained 65 years of age
- d) As long as they desire

#### Ans: b) Till they have attained 62 years of age

69) Which of the following is not the essential qualification for appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court of India?

- a) Should be a citizen of India
- b) Should he/she be at least 35 years of age
- c) Should be an eminent jurist
- d) Should have practiced for at least 10 years as an advocate in one or more high courts.

# Ans: b) Should he/she be at least 35 years of age

70) When and where was the first Lok Adalat organized?

#### a) Gujarat, 1982

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- b) Andhra Pradesh, 1991
- c) Maharashtra, 1982
- d) Rajasthan, 1991

## Ans: a) Gujarat, 1982

71) What are the articles on the judicial system in India?

- a) Article 124-147
- b) Article 14-28
- c) Article 32
- d) Article 226

Ans: a) Article 124-147