
	Selvam College Of Technology, Namakkal (Autonomous) IT Support & Development Training Programme (ISDTP)		
Worksheet -6 (Abstraction & Interfaces)			
Bundle & Subject Name	Proficient Bundle V2 (2025) - Interview Skills in Programming V2	Semester	VIII

Answer Key

1. What is hidden during abstraction?

- A) The final output
- B) The user interaction
- C) The internal working or logic
- D) class

Ans: C. The internal working or logic

2. What is an abstract method?

- A) A method with a body
- B) A method without a body
- C) An overridden method
- D) A method with static variables

Ans: B. A method without a body

3. Can an abstract method be used without being in an abstract class?

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) Only in interfaces
- D) Only in static classes

Ans: B. No

4. What must a subclass do with an abstract method?

- A) Ignore it
- B) Implement it
- C) Declare it again as abstract
- D) Delete it

Ans: B. Implement it

5. Can you create an object of an abstract class directly?

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) Only for abstract methods
- D) Only if the class has non-abstract methods

Ans: B. No

6. Why can an interface in Java not be instantiated?

- A) Because it only contains static constants
- B) Because it contains no method bodies and is abstract by design
- C) Because it represents a HAS-A relationship
- D) Because it does not support multiple inheritance

Ans: B. Because it contains no method bodies and is abstract by design

7. Why don't you need to write an abstract for methods in an interface?

- A) Because they are abstract by default
- B) Because interfaces don't support abstract methods
- C) Because they are static by default
- D) Because they must be defined fully

Ans: A. Because they are abstract by default

8. What does a class do with an interface in Java?

- A) A class implements an interface
- B) A class extends an interface
- C) A class cannot use an interface
- D) A class implements another class

Ans: A. A class implements an interface

9. Which of the following can an interface contain?

- A) Public static final variables
- B) Instance fields
- C) Constructors
- D) Non-static methods with implementation

Ans: A. Public static final variables

10. Can one interface extend multiple interfaces in Java?

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) Only if the interfaces have default methods
- D) Only if the interfaces are not abstract

Ans: A. Yes