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Multiple Choice Questions on Web, DNS and Internet of Things (IOT):

- 1. Who invented the World Wide Web?
 - A. Bill Gates
 - B. Steve Jobs
 - C. Sir Tim Berners-Lee
 - D. Mark Zuckerberg

Answer: C. Sir Tim Berners-Lee

Explanation: Sir Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web in 1989 while working at CERN.

- 2. In which year was the World Wide Web invented?
 - A. 1980
 - B. 1989
 - C. 1995
 - D. 2000

Answer: B. 1989

Explanation: The World Wide Web was invented in 1989 by Sir Tim

Berners-Lee.

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- A. Computers
- B. Emails
- C. Web pages and web resources
- D. Social media

Answer: C. Web pages and web resources

Explanation: The WWW consists of interlinked web pages and various web resources accessible via the Internet.

- 4. What does WWW stand for?
 - A. World Wide Web
 - B. World Web Wide
 - C. Web Wide World
 - D. Wide World Web

Answer: A. World Wide Web

Explanation: WWW stands for World Wide Web, which is a system of interlinked hypertext documents.

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name or	tne Bunale	Proficient Bundle v I	Subject	Networking v i
Topic		Web, DNS and Internet of Things (IOT)	Last updated on	08 September 2025
5	. Which pı	rotocol is primarily used to acce	ess the web?	
	A. FTP			
	B. HTTP			
	C. SMTP	•		
	D. POP3			
	Answer:	В. НТТР		
	Explanat	ion: HTTP (HyperText Transfer	Protocol) is used	I to transfer web
	pages ov	ver the Internet.		
6	. The web	resources on the World Wide W	leb are accessed	through
	A. Telepl	hone		
	B. Intern	et		
	C. Televi	sion		
	D. Radio			
	Answer:	B. Internet		
	Explanat	ion: The WWW relies on the Inte	ernet as the unde	erlying network to

share and access resources.

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What type of links connect web pages	eb pages	connect web	pe of links	What	7.
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- A. Email links
- B. Hyperlinks
- C. Phone links
- D. Social links

Answer: B. Hyperlinks

Explanation: Hyperlinks are clickable links that connect web pages together.

- 8. Which language is used to create the structure of web pages?
 - A. Python
 - B. HTML
 - C. C++
 - D. Java

Answer: B. HTML

Explanation: HTML (HyperText Markup Language) is used to create and structure web pages.

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Name of the Bundle	Proficient Bundle VI	Subject	Networking v i
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- The first web browser was called____.
 - A. Internet Explorer
 - B. Mosaic
 - C. WorldWideWeb
 - D. Netscape Navigator

Answer: C. WorldWideWeb

Explanation: The first web browser was created by Tim Berners-Lee and was called WorldWideWeb.

- 10. The URL in a web address stands for_____.
 - A. Universal Resource Locator
 - B. Uniform Resource Locator
 - C. Unified Resource Locator
 - D. Unique Resource Locator

Answer: B. Uniform Resource Locator

Explanation: URL means Uniform Resource Locator, which is the address used to access web resources.

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11. Which of the following is NOT	a part of the World Wide Web?

- A. Web pages
- B. Web servers
- C. Internet Service Providers (ISP)
- D. Hyperlinks

Answer: C. Internet Service Providers (ISP)

Explanation: ISPs provide internet access but are not part of the web itself.

- 12. The World Wide Web is a____.
 - A. Network of computers
 - B. Collection of web pages linked by hyperlinks
 - C. Email service
 - D. Social media platform

Answer: B. Collection of web pages linked by hyperlinks

Explanation: The web is a collection of interlinked web pages accessible through browsers.

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13	The	www	allows	users	tο	

- A. Only download files
- B. Access and share information through web pages
- C. Only send emails
- D. Access telephone services

Answer: B. Access and share information through web pages

Explanation: The web provides access to information stored in web pages and web resources.

- 14. Which of the following is NOT a web browser?
 - A. Firefox
 - B. Chrome
 - C. Safari
 - D. Outlook

Answer: D. Outlook

Explanation: Outlook is an email client, not a web browser.

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15. What does HTML stand for?

A. Hyper Text Makeup Language

B. HighText Machine Language

C. Hyper Text Markup Language

D. HighText Markup Language

Answer: C. Hyper Text Markup Language

Explanation: HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language, which is used to create the structure of web pages.

16. Which of the following is the correct file extension for HTML files?

A. .htm

B. .html

C. Both A and B

D. .xml

Answer: C. Both A and B

Explanation: HTML files can be saved with either .html or .htm extensions.

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17. Which HTML element is used to add an image?

- A.
- B. <image>
- C. <pic>
- D. <src>

Answer: A.

Explanation: The tag is used to embed an image, using the src attribute to specify the image file.

- 18. What does URI stand for?
 - A. Uniform Resource Index
 - B. Uniform Resource Identifier
 - C. Unified Resource Identifier
 - D. Unique Resource Index

Answer: B. Uniform Resource Identifier

Explanation: A URI is a string that identifies a resource on the web, either by name or location.

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- 19. Which of the following is an example of a URI?
 - A. mailto:info@example.com
 - B. www.example.com
 - C. C:\Program Files\App\app.exe
 - D. None of the above

Answer: A. mailto:info@example.com

Explanation: mailto:info@example.com is a URI because it uses the mailto scheme to show an email address.

- 20. What is the purpose of a URI?
 - A. To define font styles on a webpage
 - B. To identify or locate a resource
 - C. To write JavaScript code
 - D. To insert tables in HTML

Answer: B. To identify or locate a resource

Explanation: URIs are used to uniquely identify or locate resources on the internet.

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- 21. Which of the following best describes the difference between a URL and a URI?
 - A. URL is a type of URI
 - B. URI is a type of URL
 - C. They are completely unrelated
 - D. Both are used for designing images

Answer: A. URL is a type of URI

Explanation: A URI can be either a URL (locator) or a URN (name). URLs are URIs that specify location.

- 22. In the URI mailto:info@example.com, what does mailto: represent?
 - A. Resource path
 - B. File type
 - C. Scheme
 - D. Protocol

Answer: C. Scheme

Explanation: mailto: is the scheme that tells the browser how to handle the resource (in this case, open an email client).

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23. Which UR	scheme	is used '	to access a	a web page?
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- A. file
- B. mailto
- C. http or https
- D. data

Answer: C. http or https

Explanation: Web pages are accessed using the http or https URI schemes.

24. Which part of the following URI is the domain?

https://www.example.com/page**

- A. https
- B. www.example.com
- C. /page
- D. .com

Answer: B. www.example.com

Explanation: www.example.com is the domain (host) that specifies the server

where the resource is located.

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25. What does URL stand for?

A. Uniform Reference Link

B. Uniform Resource Link

C. Uniform Resource Locator

D. Universal Resource Link

Answer: C. Uniform Resource Locator

Explanation: A URL is a specific type of URI that provides the exact location of a resource on the internet.

26. Which of the following is a valid URL?

A. https://www.example.com

B. http//example.com

C. www://example.com

D. All of the above

Answer: A. https://www.example.com

Explanation: Only https://... provides a full location with protocol and path, so

It is a URL. The others are URIs but not URLs.

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- 27. Which part of the URL https://www.selvamtech.edu.in is the protocol?
 - A. www.selvamtech.edu.in
 - B. .edu.in
 - C. https
 - D. selvamtech

Answer: C. https

Explanation: https is the protocol used to communicate with the server securely.

- 28. What does the domain name in a URL represent?
 - A. The path of a file
 - B. The address of the user
 - C. The location of the server hosting the resource
 - D. The IP address only

Answer: C. The location of the server hosting the resource

Explanation: The domain name helps locate the server on the internet.

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29. In the Ul represei		v.example.com/in	dex.html, what d	oes /index.html
A. Proto	col			
B. Doma	ain			
C. Path				
D. Subde	omain			
Answer:	C. Path			
Explana	tion: The path	tells the browser	the exact file or p	page to retrieve from
the serv	er.			
30. Which o	f the following	URL components	is optional?	
A. Proto	col			
B. Doma	nin			
C. Port				
D. Path				

Answer: C. Port

Explanation: Ports like: 80 or: 443 are optional unless a non-default port is used.

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- 31. What is the role of https in a URL?
 - A. To encrypt the domain name
 - B. To allow file sharing
 - C. To provide a secure connection
 - D. To download images

Answer: C. To provide a secure connection

Explanation: https (Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure) encrypts data

between browser and server.

- 32. Which of these is a complete URL?
 - A. google.com
 - B. https://www.google.com
 - C. google
 - D. http

Answer: B. https://www.google.com

Explanation: A complete URL includes the protocol and the domain.

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- 33. What is the main purpose of DNS?
 - A. To secure websites
 - B. To translate domain names into IP addresses
 - C. To store website data
 - D. To block malware

Answer: B. To translate domain names into IP addresses

Explanation: DNS converts human-friendly domain names into computer-friendly IP addresses.

- 34. What is www.google.com in DNS terms?
 - A. IP address
 - B. Hostname or domain name
 - C. DNS record
 - D. Server

Answer: B. Hostname or domain name

Explanation: www.google.com is a domain name used by humans to access a website.

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35. What is an example of an IP address?

A. http://google.com

B. 192.168.1.1

C. www.example.org

D. ftp://server.net

Answer: B. 192.168.1.1

Explanation: 192.168.1.1 is a numerical IP address that computers use to

identify each other.

36. What is the main role of the Domain Name System (DNS)?

- A. To host websites
- B. Sends emails
- C. To translate domain names into IP addresses
- D. To create email accounts

Answer: C. To translate domain names into IP addresses

Explanation: DNS converts domain names (e.g., google.com) into IPs

(e.g., 192.168.1.1).

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37. What is the DNS resolution process?

- A. Converting websites into text
- B. Converting IP addresses into MAC addresses
- C. Converting domain names into IP addresses
- D. Encrypting email messages

Answer: C. Converting domain names into IP addresses

Explanation: DNS resolution means changing a hostname into an IP address.

38. What is a typical format of an IPv4 address?

A. 192.168.1.1

B. www.example.com

C. https://abc

D. 00:1A:2B:3C:4D:5E

Answer: A. 192.168.1.1

Explanation: IPv4 addresses are four sets of numbers separated by dots.

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- 39. What happens if DNS is not working properly?
 - A. Websites may not load
 - B. Printer won't print
 - C. Mouse won't respond
 - D. Computer won't boot

Answer: A. Websites may not load

Explanation: If DNS fails, browsers can't find the server's IP address, so websites won't open.

- 40. Why is DNS compared to a phonebook?
 - A. It stores phone numbers
 - B. It matches hostnames to IP addresses
 - C. It connects to telephones
 - D. It translates languages

Answer: B. It matches hostnames to IP addresses

Explanation: Like a phonebook links names to numbers, DNS links domain names to IP addresses.

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41. Which of the following is a domain name?

A. 192.168.1.1

B. www.example.com

C. 255.255.255.0

D. 127.0.0.1

Answer: B. www.example.com

Explanation: Domain names are human-readable website names.

42. Why don't users need to remember IP addresses anymore?

A. IP addresses are not used

B. DNS servers remember them

C. Web browsers store them

D. DNS hides IPs permanently

Answer: B. DNS servers remember them

Explanation: DNS handles the IP lookup automatically.

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- 43. Which of the following is an example of an IP address?
 - A. www.google.com
 - B. google.net
 - C. 192.168.1.1
 - D. dns.google.com

Answer: C. 192.168.1.1

Explanation: That's a numerical IP address used by machines.

- 44. Who uses domain names to access websites?
 - A. Computers
 - **B.** Servers
 - C. Humans
 - D. Switches

Answer: C. Humans

Explanation: Humans prefer easy-to-remember names like google.com.

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- 45. What helps browsers load websites using DNS?
 - A. Search engines
 - B. Firewalls
 - C. DNS servers
 - D. Cookies

Answer: C. DNS servers

Explanation: DNS servers convert domain names into IP addresses so

browsers can find the site.

- 46. What does IoT stand for?
 - A. Internet of Technology
 - **B.** Internet of Tablets
 - C. Internet of Things
 - D. Integration of Tools

Answer: C. Internet of Things

Explanation: IoT refers to a network of physical objects (things) that connect

to the internet.

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- 47. What are "things" in IoT typically embedded with?
 - A. Wires and switches
 - B. Sensors, software, and connectivity
 - C. Antivirus and passwords
 - D. Only hardware

Answer: B. Sensors, software, and connectivity

Explanation: These allow devices to sense, process, and communicate data.

- 48. Which of the following is NOT an example of an IoT device?
 - A. Smartwatch
 - B. Refrigerator with internet
 - C. Traditional landline phone
 - D. Smart TV

Answer: C. Traditional landline phone

Explanation: It lacks internet connectivity and smart features.

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49. How do IoT devices communicate?

- A. Through printed letters
- B. Through electrical wires only
- C. Using the Internet
- D. Through manual inputs only

Answer: C. Using the Internet

Explanation: IoT devices use the Internet to send and receive data.

- 50. Which of the following is a wearable IoT device?
 - A. Smartwatch
 - B. Smart refrigerator
 - C. Security camera
 - D. Wi-Fi router

Answer: A. Smartwatch

Explanation: A wearable IoT device worn on the body and connected to the

internet.

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- 51. Which technology enables IoT devices to share data with each other?
 - A. Manual data entry
 - B. Printed circuit boards
 - C. Internet connectivity
 - D. Microphones

Answer: C. Internet connectivity

Explanation: IoT devices depend on internet-based networks for communication.

- 52. What role do sensors play in IoT devices?
 - A. Display colorful images
 - B. Store files
 - C. Collect data from the environment
 - D. Play audio

Answer: C. Collect data from the environment

Explanation: Sensors help devices detect things like temperature, motion, location, etc.

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- 53. What makes decision-making in IoT systems "intelligent"?
 - A. Use of Wi-Fi only
 - B. Use of AI, data analysis, and real-time feedback
 - C. Manual user commands only
 - D. Timers and alarms

Answer: B. Use of AI, data analysis, and real-time feedback

Explanation: IoT uses software and data to make smart, automated decisions.